



For the Proprietor of
HONGKONG TELEGRAPH
For and on behalf of
SOUTH CHINA MORNING POST, LTD.

The Hongkong Telegraph

TODAY'S WEATHER: Moderate ENE winds. Cloudy with
intermittent rain. Rather cool.
NOON OBSERVATIONS: Barometric pressure, 1007.0 mbs.
23.74 in. Temperature, 76.4 deg. F. Dew point, 74 deg. F. Re-
lative humidity, 96 %. Wind direction, East. Wind force, 11
knots.
Low water: 1 ft. 2 in. at 2.50 p.m. High water: 3 ft. 5 in. at
11 p.m.

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VOL. IV NO. 147

FRIDAY, JUNE 24, 1949.

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EXPLOSIVE IN BAGGAGE MAY HAVE CAUSED AIR DISASTER

Blizzards Hit Australia

Worst In History

Sydney, June 23.—Five towns in Australia's Southern Alps near Canberra were snowbound today after one of the worst blizzards in Australian records. A train with 20 people on board was located after being "lost" for 24 hours.

It is the coldest spell of June weather since 1935 and it comes at a time when heating of houses, offices and shops by gas or electricity has been forbidden because of a threatened coal strike.

Sydney's temperature today ranged from 43 degrees this morning to 55 in the early afternoon. This is cold for this big coastal city.

Heating is forbidden. Industry is shut down, and lighting, cooking and transport restricted to save coal because of the threat of a general coal strike next week.

THE STRIKE THREAT

Moves to avert the strike are being made at union meetings today. Some unions are urging the miners to call off the strike because of the number of men and women in industry who would be put out of their jobs.

In New South Wales alone about one quarter of a million men and women are out of work because of power cuts. The figure may climb to half a million in New South Wales and other states next week if the strike starts.

Two blast furnaces and all open hearth furnaces at the Broken Hill Company's steelworks in Newcastle have been allowed to go cold. It is the first time in 30 years that some of these units have been allowed to cool off. Associated Press.

Karachi, June 23.—Pakistan today signed a bilateral air transport agreement with Norway. It was authoritatively learned.—Reuter.

Third Attack On Anchises

Shanghai, June 23.—Nationalist planes again bombed the British ship Anchises today—their third raid and the second today. The continued attacks are regarded here as definite efforts to sink the vessel to block the Whang-poo.

In the latest attack a single Nationalist plane narrowly missed the Anchises with two bombs, then circled low and then strafed her. There were no casualties in this attack. One bomb exploded in the river about 200 yards short and the other hit the river bank beyond her.—Associated Press.

SHANGHAI SHIPPING CONTINUES

Shanghai, June 24.—Shipping in and out of Shanghai continued normal during the past 24 hours with the Star of Suez sailing yesterday for New York with 2,000 tons of general cargo, and Butterfield & Swire's Foochow busily unloading 4,000 tons of various goods which she has brought from Hongkong.

The Foochow is scheduled to leave for Japan tomorrow.

There is no definite news about the Texas Oil Company's tanker Rura River but she is believed to be still standing by at the mouth of the Yangtze with 15,000 tons of gasoline aboard.

Meanwhile, it is learned that morale remains high among the crew of the beached Blue Funnel liner Anchises.

With stocks of fresh meat going bad because of lack of refrigeration the men are said to be eating as much beef-steak as they can.

"We have plenty of food, cigarettes and now even water," one of the crew-men said yesterday evening. "Nothing will get us down, I think, except boredom."—Reuter.

Death Toll 32: 5 Children

London, June 23.—It is suspected that some explosive in a passenger's baggage was responsible for the "spontaneous disintegration" of the Royal Air Lines Constellation Roermund which crashed into the sea in flames off the port of Bari, killing 32 people, including five children.

A London spokesman for Lockheeds, maker of the Constellation aircraft, advanced this theory tonight. He said, "Just before the explosion the pilot made a routine radio call over Bari and reported everything in perfect order."

"This theory of some explosive in a passenger's baggage is reasonable in view of the fact that the pilot had sufficient altitude (15,000 feet) to have reported any other cause for the disaster."

In a Hague announcement the KLM reported tonight that three alien families, each consisting of a man, wife and child, were lost on the plane. A Dutch mother and her two children were also lost.

A Hague message said that Dr. A. Plesman, President of the Royal Dutch Air Lines (KLM), today learned that his son, J. C. Plesman, Captain of the aircraft, had in his flying seconds headed the blazing machine into the sea, to avoid an even greater disaster.

Another Hague message said that a welcome had been arranged at Schiphol Airport this afternoon for the Constellation to celebrate the end of the 100th flight on the KLM's new route by way of Mauritius, which began in February after India and Pakistan had banned Dutch aircraft flying over their territory.

SPECIAL FLIGHT

The Roermund had made a special flight to take 16 American journalists and broadcasters to Batavia to see conditions in Java for themselves at the invitation of the Dutch Government.

It was returning with Dutch families who had taken ad-

RUDDER FALLS OFF

An eye-witness of the disaster—the worst in Medeteranean—said, "It was all over in a few seconds. One moment we were watching the plane serenely across the sky, gliding in the sunshine. Suddenly it appeared to be in trouble. The rudder fell off—the huge plane somersaulted twice and dropped into the sea."

Holiday crowds thronging Bari's waterfront watched in amazement as the Constellation, a huge machine, began to fall from the sky. With its machine blazing and the wings crumbling, it managed to avoid a crash on the dock-side, which would have cost scores more casualties, another eye-witness said.

Once over the sea the stricken Constellation became completely out of control. Twice it somersaulted in crazy patterns and the wings and rudder broke. Seconds later it hit the sea, flames and smoke pouring from its engines and fuselage.

SINKS IMMEDIATELY

The tremendous impact sent a fountain of water and sizzling steam skywards. It sank immediately into about 22 feet of water.

Fishing boats and police and rescue craft rushed to the scene. At first there were barely any signs on the surface of the plane's impact.

But as the hours went by the bodies and luggage began to float to the surface. It was clear that many had died before the plane hit the water. Their bodies were burned in some cases seemingly beyond recognition.

Of those so far recovered were 15 men, five women and three babies. Solemn, bareheaded crowds silently watched the bodies, shrouded on improvised stretchers, unloaded on the dock-side in the soft light of the evening. They were taken by ambulance to the cemetery mortuary.

The scorching, sudden blue of a once trim uniform singled out the air hostess. Dripping with blood, the flight engineer, identified by his flight engineer's cap, was not known but they are believed to be about two or three years of age.—Reuter.

MAY

Trafalgar Sq.
Floodlit

STRIKERS TOLD TO WORK

Authorities' Ultimatum

London, June 23.—The Port of London authorities tonight flung an ultimatum to the striking stovedores that it would allow no ship entering London to be unloaded until work began on two strike-bound Canadian vessels.

Feeling rose during the day as gang after gang refused to handle the Canadian ships, the Argonaut and Heverbrun, in support of the Canadian Seamen's Union and alleged that other work was being withheld from them.

The Port of London authorities' statement on behalf of the Dock Labour Board confirmed the "lockout" by stating: "The Port employers consider that these ships must be manned before newly arrived vessels, and are accordingly refraining from ongoing stovedore labour for newly arrived ships until the two Canadian ships are manned."

Mr Norman Robertson, the Canadian High Commissioner, today summoned to his office Mr Bill Arland, the leader of the striking Canadian seamen, in an effort to find a solution to the deadlock.

VERY HOPEFUL
Announcing the High Commissioner's action at a dock meeting, a Canadian seaman's spokesman declared: "We do not know what it means, but we are very hopeful."

Mr George Isaacs, Minister of Labour and National Service, tonight issued a statement reminding the dockers that the dispute involving the Canadian seamen "is no concern of people in this country."

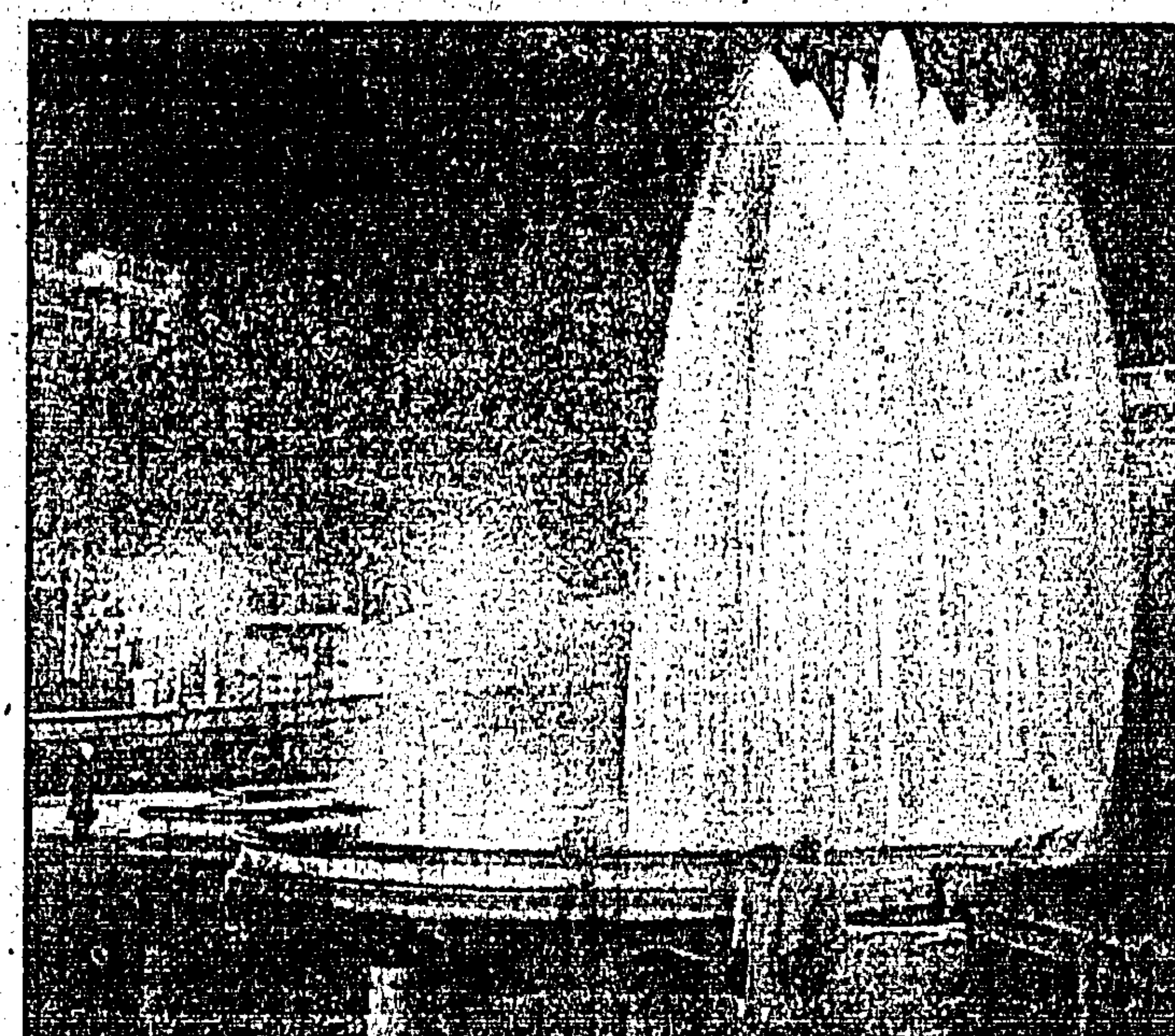
"They should not allow themselves to be misled into an action they can only bring loss and hardship to themselves and to the rest of the community," he said.

On Tuesday night, the Executive of the Stovedores' Union, with all knowledge of the facts, advised their members to work all ships in the Port. The men should back up their union Executive and return to normal working without delay," Mr Isaacs added.—Reuter.

New Death Test

Paris, June 23.—Dr Victor Balthazard, well-known French physician, claimed in a paper submitted to the French Academy of Medicine to have established a new test for death.

He said that a small, and harmless injection of ether will remain in the living body, but is ejected spontaneously after death.—Associated Press.



The flood lights flashed on again in Trafalgar Square recently but only for an hour while a test was being made. When this photograph was taken the water from the western fountain was gushing, 132 feet into the night air.—London Express Service.

S'hai Loses Evening Post And Mercury

RANDALL COULD RESIGNS

Shanghai, June 23.—Shanghai faced the future today with only one remaining English language newspaper—the North China Daily News—with the official announcement by Mr Randall Gould this afternoon that the Post & Mercury Company which published the American-owned Evening Post will cease operation from the end of this month.

In two letters, one to the staff and the other to the military Control Commission, Mr Gould made it clear that the continuation of the Post under present circumstances, when his authority is denied by Labour, is impossible.

Mr Gould told Reuters that the question of labour faded into the background when workers refused to accede to his demand for the acceptance of his "role and unquestioned authority."

He added, "I have, accordingly, accepted the role of the editor of the paper."

The Post & Mercury organization will be liquidated by the American law firm Messrs Franklin & Bryan.—Reuter.

SHIPS TO BYPASS SHANGHAI

New York, June 23.—Four American shipping companies have decided in future to bypass Shanghai because of the bombing of the British freighter Anchises there, the New York Times said today.

They are the American President Lines, the United States Lines, the States Marine Lines and the A. Waterson Steamship Corporation.

The United States Lines and the A. Waterson Line are already diverting ships on their way to Shanghai, the newspaper said. Transatlantic Steamship Company vessels will continue to call there, however.—Reuter.

Britain Not Seeking American Aid For Defence Of H.K.

London, June 23.—Britain is not seeking United States help in the defence of Hongkong, which is a British responsibility, a Foreign Office spokesman said tonight. He denied any suggestion that Britain had asked for aid from the United States and that the United States had refused it.

He added that considerable British reinforcements had been ordered to Hongkong.

The defence of Hongkong and the adjacent Portuguese island colony of Macao, off the South China coast, were believed in usually well informed quarters in London to have been discussed at the Foreign Office today when the Portuguese Ambassador to Britain, the Duke of Palmella, called on Mr Ernest Bevin, the Foreign Secretary.

Both Britain and Portugal have recently decided to send reinforcements to the area.

A decision to strengthen the defences of Hongkong was taken by the Defence Minister, Mr A. V. Alexander, during his recent visit to the island.

An announcement from Lisbon this week stated that the Portuguese Government will send two battalions of native infantry to Macao from the African colony of Angola.

Under the terms of the Atlantic Pact, signed by both Britain and Portugal but not yet ratified by Portugal, the parties undertake to consult together whenever their territorial integrity is threatened.

So far as mutual military aid in the event of an attack is concerned, the scope of the pact is limited to the possessions of members in the North Atlantic area, but there is no limitation on the undertaking of members to consult in the event of a threat to their territorial integrity.—Reuter.

NEW VIEWPOINT

London, June 23.—Mr A. V. Alexander's statement concerning the defence of Hongkong has not been universally well received, although his assurance that it remains the Government's object to maintain the friendly relations with the Government of China, was reassuring.

Apprehension has been caused here by the hint that some forces are proceeding from Malaya to Hongkong.

Mr Leonard Gammons, obtained a copy from the Minister of Defence that was far from denying that the garrison in Malaya was being thinned.

Mr Alexander certainly stated his purpose of the Government is to bring the anti-bandit campaign to a successful conclusion. Nevertheless, the strongest expression of strategic

U.S. Government's New Mechanical 'Brain'

Washington, June 23.—The Government has come up with a new device for cutting expenses—a mechanical "brain" that can whip up within minutes all available information on 1,000,000 subjects. Its sponsors said that the brain, now on display at the Agricultural Department, may eventually help cut down the cost of running the government, or at least the cost of keeping its great masses of records and files.

Known as the rapid selection the 72-tube electronic machine can "read" thousands of books, "remember" what is in them and "tell" anything it remembers at a moment's notice.

The brain was developed by the Agriculture and Commerce Departments at the cost of \$75,000. Its developers claim that besides cutting down the cost of keeping records, the device should be a great boon to anyone in organizing and storing knowledge.

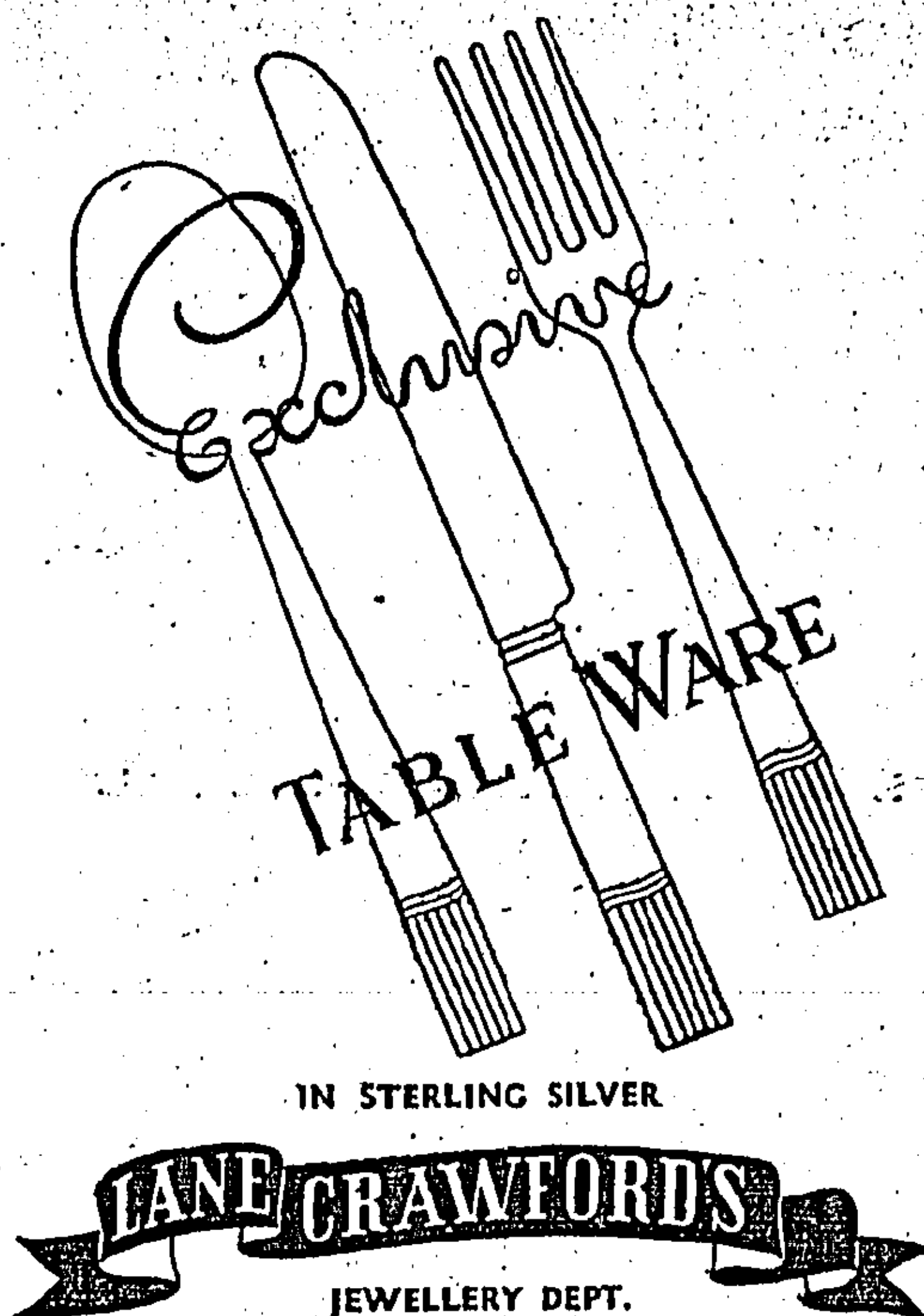
The selector is not patented and Government officials had no hesitation in explaining its function. It works like a typewriter. Each page of records to be "remembered" is given code

EDITORIAL

More Muddled Thinking

IT is not, perhaps, surprising that we should get muddled thinking on the part of Chinese Nationalist officials about Hongkong's commercial relations with the Communists in Shanghai. The one-time Nanking regime has long shown itself to be befuddled over matters economic, financial and military, and in making the unsupportable statement that the Colony has become a direct supply base for the Communists, the Nationalists are running true to form. The cargoes which British merchant ships are carrying to northern ports are not needed by the Communists as a political organisation, but by the people who live in central and north China. Moreover, the trade is being carried out on a barter basis and as such is wholly legitimate. It is, however, gratifying to know that the Nationalist Government appreciates that Britain's attitude to the Chinese Communists is realistic. As to whether it is short-sighted is a matter of opinion. The accusation implies a threat—that if the Nationalists should eventually regain lost power in China, it will go hard for British interests. The "if" is a big one, and in any event under previous Nationalist rule there were very few recognised rights, let alone privileges for British commercial interests, so there is not a great deal to be lost, come what may. In trying to trade with the Communist regime now established in Shanghai and the northern ports, British business houses are merely implementing the publicly expressed policy of the British Government—to be on friendly relations with whatever political power is in control. The Nationalist Government official who, in Canton yesterday,

presumed to speak for the Chinese, conveniently forgets that Britain has many close commercial relations with Russia, the home of Communism. But these do not make Britain a political satellite of the Soviet, nor do they prevent Britain from remaining a steadfast partner in the anti-Communist bloc. There is no apology to be made for Hongkong's trade dealings with the Chinese Communists; nor need the Colony fear the long-term consequences of this commercial liaison. Whatever apologies are called for at this moment should come from the Chinese Nationalists, who have twice deliberately attacked an unarmed British merchant ship in the Whangpoo. Instead, we are presented with a specious statement from the Chinese Air Force Headquarters suggesting that the Anchises was bombed and machine-gunned because she did not fly the Union Jack. British merchant ships do not fly the Union Jack, but they do carry other easily recognisable flags betokening their nationality. The principal emblem is the Red Ensign, which, incidentally, embodies the Union Jack in the top left-hand corner, and which, under no circumstances, could be confused with the flag of another nation. In addition, these British ships fly house flags which are easily identifiable. The Chinese Air Force Headquarters' explanation of the attacks on the Anchises can be dismissed as chimeras, and a full apology, promise of compensation, and assurances that there will be no repetition of such disgraceful conduct is demanded and awaited. We cannot permit the Nationalist Air Force to insult either our flag or our intelligence.



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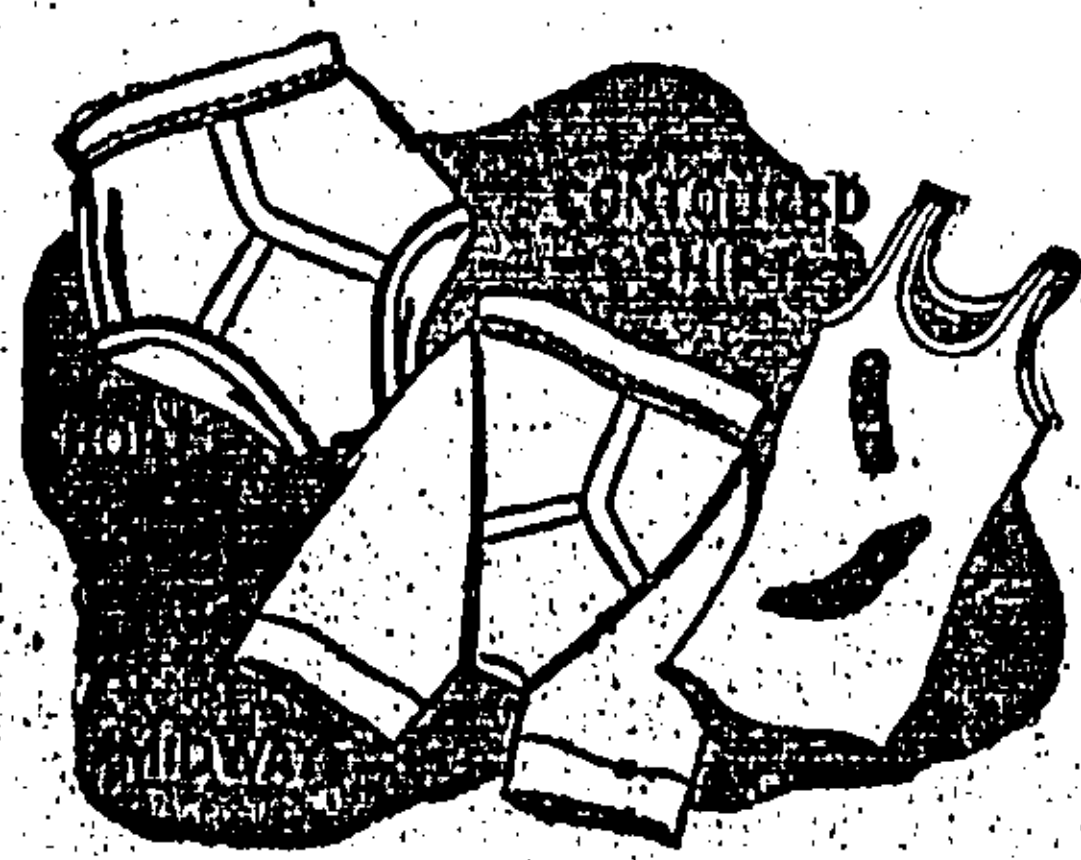
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Available at Hong Kong's Leading Stores.

WOMANSENSE

Lovely Lacy Straw



By AUCE ALDEN

LACY WEAVE STRAWS ride atop the prettiest heads this summer. Here is straw light as a feather, picture-perfect, and just right for town or country wear, according to the design and adornment.

This dramatic picture hat of lacy natural straw, a John Fredrick design, has a softly curving brim set on a band of black velvet. Pink silk roses cluster under the brim at the hairline, and are also placed above the right side of the brim for a nice balance.

SHEILA IN SATIN



One of the gayest dresses at the Snakepit premier... candy striped top and pants, slipper satin skirt. And the jewels Sheila Sim wore to go with it were pearls—a five-strand choker and seven spot earrings.

(London Express Service)

Don't blame the nagging wife, but...

By JOHN L. RAINEY

Detroit. One of the reasons for much of the marital stress these days may be that the little woman is cooking the vegetables too long, a nutritionist said recently.

"Take potatoes for instance," said Dr. Royal Lee, President of the Lee Foundation for Nutritional Research in Milwaukee, Wisconsin. "Boiling potatoes is bad enough, but mashing them is what hurts." All the vitamin "C" that's left is lost within 25 seconds after the Mieser starts mashing.

Lee, who attended a meeting of the Michigan Start Osteoporosis Society, said that lack of vitamins is one of the main reasons why people become irritable.

The Reason Why

"We hear a lot of talk about tension and high-speed living in divorce courts these days," he said. "But frequently the real trouble is the nagging wife and the grumbling husband."

Nutrition experiments with animals and with humans have shown that irritability is increased greatly when the diet is restricted to cooked foods which have lost all or practically all their vitamins, he said.

"A little raw meat would make us act a lot more like civilized persons and less like quarrelsome savages," he said.

Speed Drill In School

By GARRY CLEVELAND
MYERS, Ph.D.

FROM what I can gather from recent survey, the practice of having children work against the watch at school has greatly waned in recent years. Yet, judging from the letters I receive, some children in the grades are still tortured with stop-watch drills and tests. The mother of strike fourth grade child writes, for example: "My daughter who got B's and A's in arithmetic last year got a D on her recent report card. Upon investigation I have discovered that all their tests against the watch are on speed tests. Trying to be accurate she can't seem to finish."

"The teacher has the children compete two by two at the board with arithmetic problems until all are eliminated but one. When I spoke to this teacher of your opinion she said this is the only way a teacher can prove the child knows what he should have learned."

Speed Drills

In answering this mother I expressed regret that those children must be tormented by speed drills. A better way is to help the child at home to memorize the basic addition, subtraction and multiplication facts so as to know them without counting or hesitating. A good way for a child to memorize them is to study a few of these facts on cards, one fact to a card, putting emphasis on accuracy.

When the child knows all these facts well he is the better armed for victory under speed pressure at school. Any parent has the multiplication facts and can make cards of each, preferably out of order. She also can make cards of the 100 addition and 100 subtraction facts.

Reading Speed

Many teachers still greatly emphasize speed of reading. While some poor readers in the upper grades and high school do seem to improve at reading by working against the watch many others are greatly hindered by such emphasis. If the learner were to hold the watch on himself the results would be far better, but when the teacher does the timing, the slow reader, especially as he sees some other student's far faster than he is, may feel hopeless.

Fortunately there is coming a shift of emphasis from speed to selection of reading material. Easy enough and interesting enough for the learner to read with reasonable ease and speed. Moreover, many a college teacher will tell you that he wishes his students had learned to read thoughtfully instead of reading on the run.

Household Hints

Keep slip covers free from dust by brushing frequently with a soft brush or use a hand vacuum. Give attention to corners of chairs, plants and folds.

If a clothes closet seems damp, place an electric fan in the open doorway. If the closet has a window, open it; if not, the fan will prove a help in driving out the dampness.

If you are defrosting the refrigerator or home freezer, put the vacuum cleaner blower to work to hasten the process. You know how ice melts in a drinking glass in a draft.

Attractive Buttons To Augment Autumn Charm

INTEREST in home dress-making and continued fashion interest in buttons for decoration, should combine to make the ensuing season a fashion highlight for buttons. Topping these two favorable conditions is an autumn harvest of smart, fashionwise designs in button lines currently being opened.

There are many first-time-since-the-war articles back on the market, among them fancy imports and jeweled pieces which are dependent on the artificial stones made in France and Czechoslovakia. As a whole, large, flat, modern types are reported to have won outstanding preference and there are many of these available—with straight, definitive shapes and decorations.

Colors are closely allied to those prescribed by fabric houses. Some of the most noteworthy shades are the extensive range of neutral tones, such as taupe, chamols, and dove gray. There is a good deal of dark purple and winey maroon in evidence. Reds tend to have rose or mauve tints. Yellow through mustard including gold account for importance.

Woods for Tweeds

Buttons which blend well with tweeds and tailored woollens strike an up-to-the-minute note. Strained natural woods are done in concave circles with metal eyelets and knurled metal rims. In built-up squares with gold finished sew-throughs. A plastic autumn leaf is naturally colored and mounted with a little gold pumpkin and a large ladybug is done in bright colors with black markings.

Metal trimmed plastics have great variety. There are those with gold or silver. Buttons, flowers of classic profiles in relief on flat plastic ovals. A mechanically minded set of designs have bits of coil springs or chains on colored backgrounds. A large assortment of French and Czech buttons has been assembled. Facet cut jets, sparkles

either alone or with high-fired, burnished metal firmings. Many of these imports have a hand-made appearance in their delicate floral, bird and motif designs. This is especially true of coloured flowers on gold rimmed porcelain buttons, while crystals, jets and metals, etched or fired with gold or silver lines, are modernistic.

Mother-of-pearl buttons and buckles are cut in detailed flowers and other fanciful forms, as well as in heavy, chunky squares, which draw attraction from iridescence. Black pearl has been done in hand-carved, double buckles with leafy or abstract patterns, as well as in many button shapes.

Rhinestone Sets

Rhinestones are back and add a distinctive sparkle to the extensive collection. The jewels are done in buttons, clips, buckles and scatter-plins to match. A small three-dimensional rhinestone button was one collected by Dior a spokesman for the firm stated, while a large curled gray plastic set with rhinestone was a Mangone choice for a dressy coat.

Two-tone metal make news here, their effects achieved by combining dull and shiny gold or bright silver and gunmetal in big, flat shapes. Coloured plastics have quilted designs studded with seed pearls and an imported group of "French Miniatures" have Clousonne type centres in filigree frames.

Ceramic Look

Roughly hewn buttons gain a hand-made ceramic appearance from their chunky shaping and enameled surfaces. Strike a novelty note. Many are crest or shield motifs with scatter pins to match the buttons. Others look like authentic Spanish du-bloons and antique coins with highly polished surfaces.

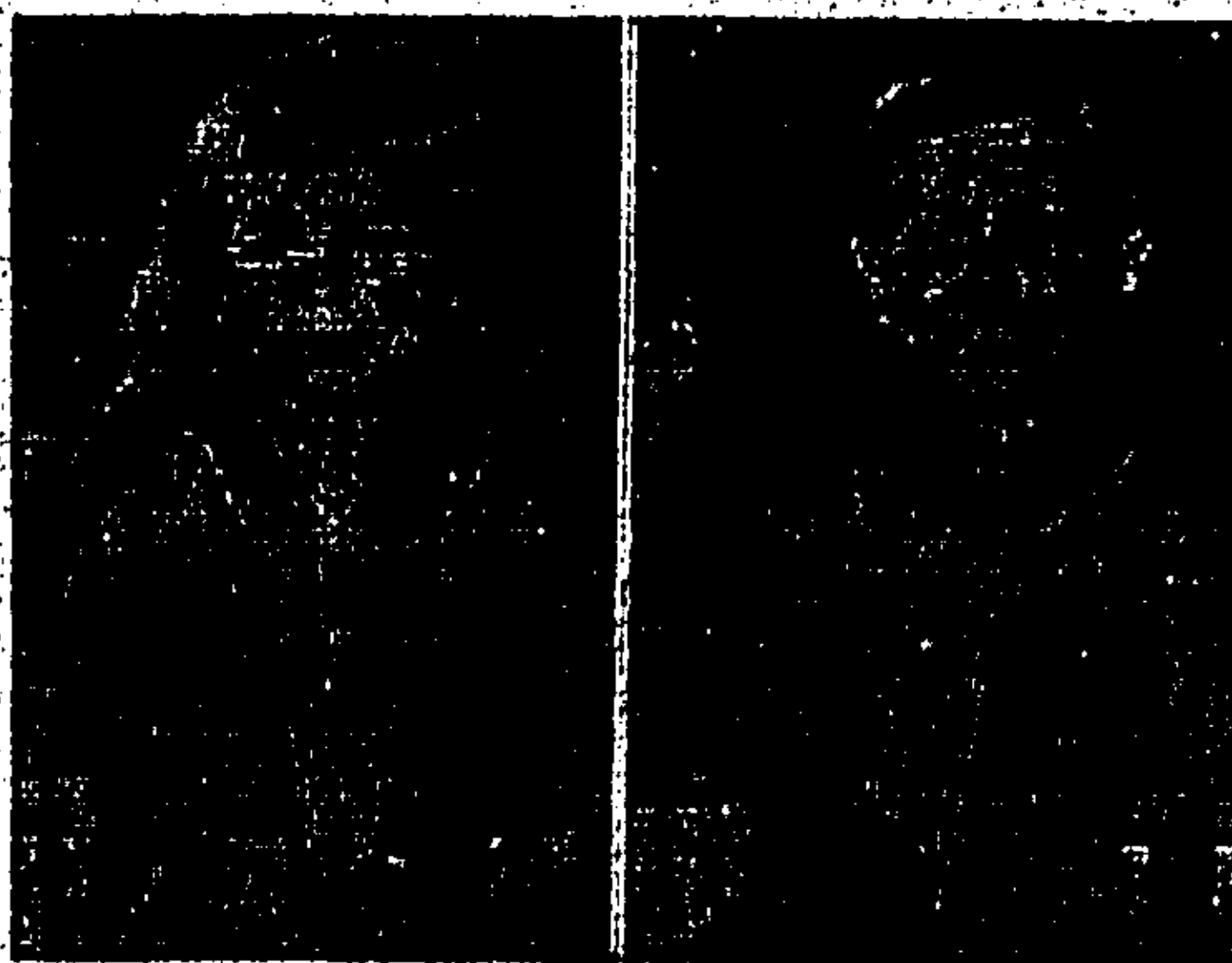
Campaign Aimed At The Hatless

THERE is a struggle going on in Britain between the many women who still persist in going about hatless and the millinery industry, which is equally determined that they shall be persuaded to return to the fashion fold. With this view groups of firms regularly show inexpensive models modelled on exclusive designs and show how they can be worn, and on what occasions. As a result of this campaign prices have been gradually coming down, and although they are still extremely high for model hats the average woman finds that cheap and pretty hats are well within range of her purse.

For example, for morning shopping, for the office, the factory or for travel anywhere, a simple little straw hat is suggested. This has an upturned brim decorated with massed loops of checked taffeta ribbon on one side.

The bonnet cloche is another shape which promised to be popular; this is in shining coarse straw with narrow turned down brim in navy blue, trimmed with navy and white ribbon. The older woman is urged to wear one of the first post-war biker straws with a gently upturning brim which does not leave too much of the brow exposed, and dips quickly down at the sides. The turban seems to be returning swathed, sometimes with gorgeous or jersey ending in a scarf which can be thrown round the neck and shoulders.

Before And After



For years Wayne Rodney Barrow, almost 4, wore his hair long and curly (left), but promise of baseball equipment paved the way for a visit to the barber at Lancaster, Pennsylvania; (the picture at the right). The boy's mother said her husband wanted Wayne's hair cut because it showed signs of being thick and curly, but agreed the time had arrived for a real boy's hair-cut.

A Good Skin Care Programme



Lovely skin is doubly important on your wedding day. Before the ceremony then, use a good cleanser, follow by a refreshing lotion that "wakes up" skin.

By HELEN FOLLETT

HERE is a good looks rule that applies to every girl and woman who is chasing beauty rainbows; keep your face scrupulously clean and keep it creamed; it feeds on cosmetic lubricants that are an insurance against roughness of surface. As long as there are chinneys and chinneys chug out soot, we'll need to scrub our phizzes with soap suds; if a brush is used, so much the better.

The really handsome complexion is a healthy one of roses and cream colouring, or of golden cast, or that pinkish-primrose shade that reminds one of the petals of a tea rose.

There is no loveliness in a pale complexion; it suggests lack of vitality. No make-up can hide pallor. Circulation is sluggish. The pale girl should get out in the open every day, pump her lungs full of fresh air, have mild exercise that will create a normal appetite. She is not supplying

her blood streams with the groceries they need for building the various elements of the human composition. She is starving her body cells.

Physicians read a lot of facts in the complexion of their patients. The skin is a barometer that tells about the health, whether it is good or bad, sunny or clouded.

The generation that is being born now may not be in need of cosmetics. There may be greater interest in the future in physical education. Let us hope. Teen-agers can't bear to listen to health talks, yet appearance is just about the most important of all subjects to them.

To have a fair, fine-textured complexion girls need nine hours of sleep every night and a diet that has the proper proportions of protein, carbohydrates and fats so that it will be balanced. They also need to carry their bodies beautifully.



Eat Sensibly on a Train Trip

ON a recent train trip the Chef and I had plenty of time to observe the food habits of the passengers.

Some brought their food with them. A number of mothers with babies and little children brought all the children's food except the milk. Several grown-ups ate at station restaurants when possible, filling out with sandwiches and fruit that they bought at that time. Others ate in the train.

"The dining compartment," observed the Chef, "is the most popular on the train. There is not much to do, and it is very pleasant to enjoy three good meals."

"A little too much self-indulgence," I answered. "Three big meals a day without exercise are too much for most people."

"No, it's better to keep regular meal-time hours. But order suitable foods. Bread and starches of all kinds should be sparingly eaten. Whole wheat bread, bran muffins and shredded wheat cereals are the best choice because they are bulky and help intestinal action. Pastry and cake should be entirely avoided."

Fresh Fruit

"But you know, Madame, the dining system is very fine. Plenty of fresh fruits are always available."

"These are suitable desserts," I agreed. "Naturally, fried foods are taboo. Simple soups, broiled or roasted meat, fish and poultry are excellent. Plenty of green vegetables, fresh relishes, salad bowls, cheese, and tomato and fruit juices offer an ample choice."

"But what about the young children," asked the Chef. "It is very difficult for the mothers to take babies and little children to the dining compartment."

"They can bring plenty of small jars of pureed foods and fruit juices and suitable crackers or rusks," I suggested. "Get the porter to set up a table and bring milk, and the children can be fed in their regular seats. Of course unfinished foods, like pureed food must be discarded unless refrigeration is available. The irritability and so-called train sickness of children can often be traced to eating too many sweets and cookies between meals. Chocolate with its high percentage of fat should be

sparingly used on extended journeys when physical activity is so limited."

The Chef felt very sorry for the young mother. He suggested mothers bringing their own food. Here's the recipe:

Dinner

Tomato Slice Salad Hotbed Rolls
Smoked Tongue Raisin Sauce
Boiled New Potatoes and Carrots
Fruit Cocktail Crumb Pie
Hot or Iced Coffee or Tea
Milk (Children)

All Measurements are Level
Recipes Serves Four

Tomato Slice Salad

Wash, but do not peel, large ripe tomatoes. Slice crosswise 1/2 in. thick. Cover with a spread made of cottage cheese seasoned with chopped chives or scallions and bloated paste. Serve on lettuce. Spoon over French dressing.

Fruit Cocktail Crumb Pie

Line a 9 in. pie plate with plain American pie crust or use a mix. You will need half the usual recipe. Fill with 2 c. tin-ned apple mixed with 1/4 c. any kind of berries or red currants, and 1/4 c. pineapple or any kind of fruit—fresh or stewed. Sprinkle with 1/4 c. brown sugar and 1/4 c. sugar. Spread in the pie plate; then cover with "crumbs" which have been prepared in the meantime. Place in a hot oven, 400 F., for 10 min. to set the crust. Reduce the heat to 375 F. and bake 35 min., or until the "crumbs" are golden brown.

"Crumb" for Pie Topping: Stir 3 tbs. butter or margarine until creamy. Add 7 tbs. flour, 1/2 tsp. brown sugar, 1/2 tsp. cinnamon and 1/4 tsp. nutmeg; work together with a fork on fingers until well-blended; and Sprinkle evenly over the top of the pie and finish baking as directed.

Trick Of The Chef

For a fine and rich taste from left-over tongue put it through the fine blade of the food chopper. Blend with a few raisins. Blend with a little table mustard or cooked salad dressing seasoned with mustard. Pack in a jar. This will keep for a week. Is the real percentage of fat should be

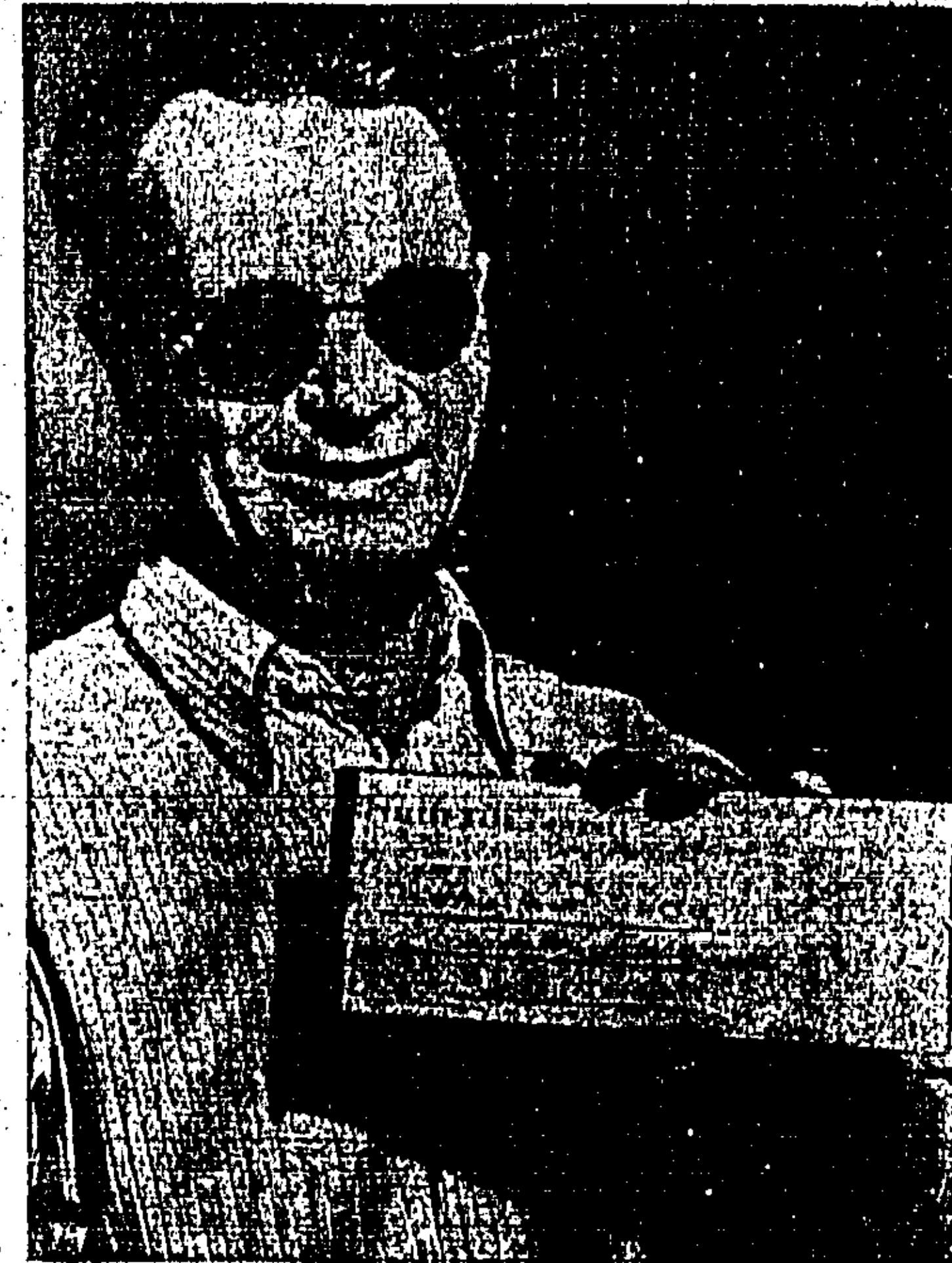
WORLD NEWS IN PICTURES



RECEIVES FATHER'S AWARD—With his mother looking on, Roy E. Smith, Jr., four, of Washington, D. C., exchanges salutes with Major General Frederick H. Smith after being awarded his father's posthumous Air Medal. The boy's father was killed on a bomber mission in the Pacific.



BIRTH OF A VOLCANO—This is believed to be the first picture of a hitherto unknown volcano amid the snow on top of Cerro De Parinacota, a mountain peak on the border of Bolivia and Chile. Rising to a height of 20,768 feet, the peak was photographed from a plane flying between La Paz, Bolivia, and Arica, Chile.



BRILLE CHEQUE BOOK—Eugene Nading, a blind ex-serviceman of World War I, holds a specially made cheque book printed for him by a bank in Des Moines, Iowa. The cheques have embossed lines so that the blind can tell where to fill them in.



GIVES UP THRONE—Prince Fleming, son of Prince Axel of Denmark, leaves a Copenhagen church with his bride, the former Ruth Nielsen, daughter of a wealthy Danish businessman. The marriage caused him to relinquish his right to the throne.



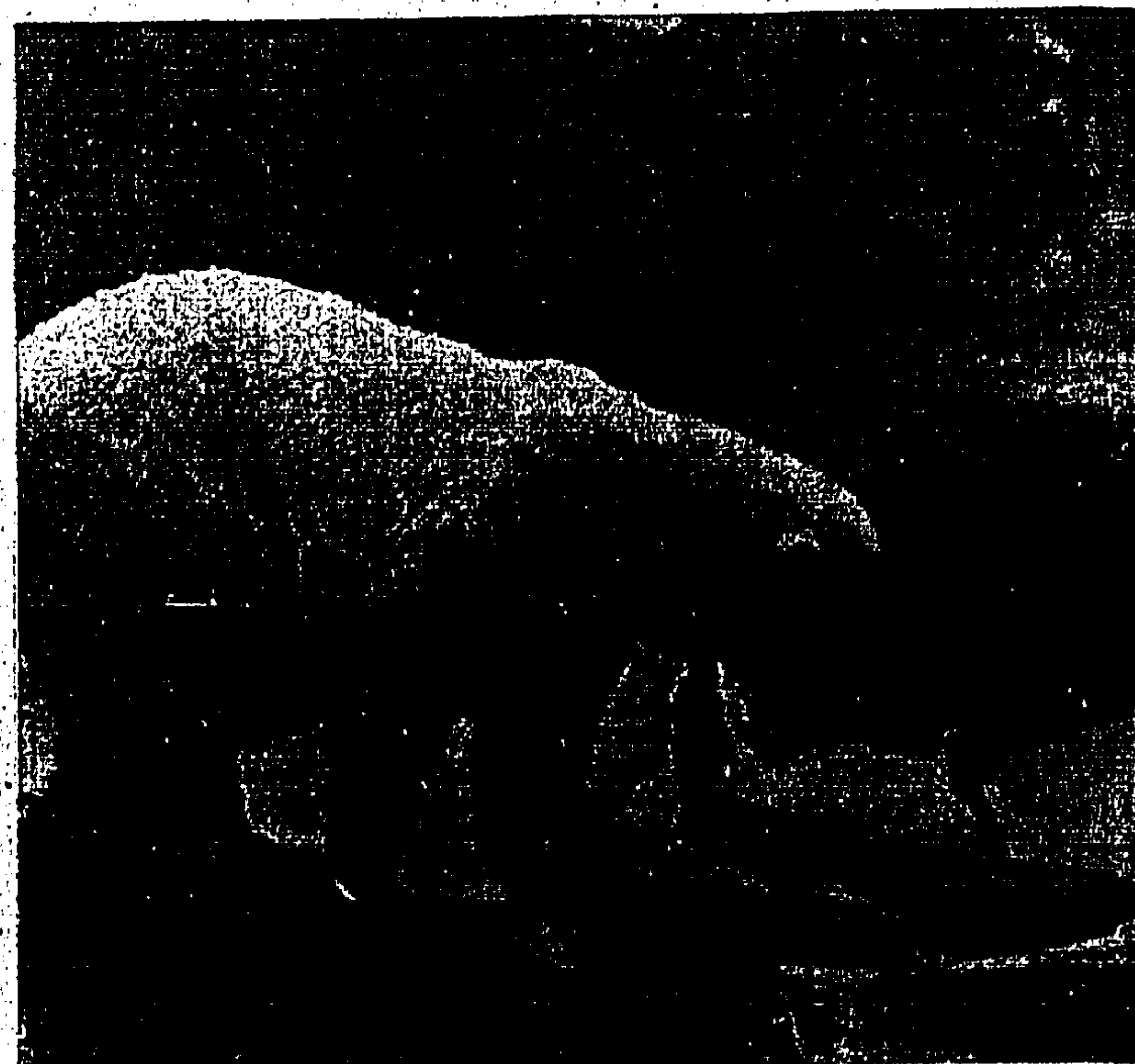
CAMPAIGNING—Plastered with political posters, this office building in Trieste indicates the political activity going on in the Free Territory.



FRENCH INFLUENCE—Martha Mitchell strolls on the beach at Daytona Beach, Florida, in a snug-fitting French bathing suit.



BACK IN US—Johnny Love Wisdom, who renounced his family and worldly possessions almost eight years ago, to live in Ecuador and gain the Kingdom of Heaven, has returned to the U.S. Twenty of his disciples paid his way to Los Angeles.



PLAY-TIME—After a brisk swim at the St. Louis, Missouri, Zoo, Sultana's young cub playfully paws at mama bear. Zoo keepers say Sultana was worried over this cub because it was six months old before it showed any interest in the water. And that's not like a well-behaved bear.



FOR TRAVEL—This dark pure silk suit is a handsome addition to the holiday wardrobe. Shirred detail on lapels and flap pockets give an air of individuality.



GETTING IN SHAPE—Former middleweight champion of the world, Marcel Cerdan, of France, kicks a soccer ball during training at Loch Sheldrake, New York. Cerdan was getting in shape for his title bout with Jake La Motta in Detroit on June 15, which he lost.

**TODAY'S
"HIT
COLOR"**

Tangee
GAY RED

—the NEW lipstick shade that gives you a lift!

New—Exciting—yes—the most beautiful woman in the world
found on Tangee's "Hit Color" "Tangee's Lipstick" And Tangee
GAY RED is just the color you need to keep up your "Hit Color"
Beautiful women like Mrs. Adolphe Menjou, Mrs. Randolph
Bark, to name a few, say GAY RED is the "hit color" of the year...

—because this exciting new shade really does make
your lips look young and gay!

—because it gives you all the famous advantages
of Tangee's exclusive Petal-Flush, "Discolor"
GAY RED lipstick.

USE TANGEE AND SEE HOW BEAUTIFUL YOU CAN BE

LABOUR PEER'S DRAMATIC RESIGNATION

Leaves Party Because Of Steel Bill

London, June 23. — Lord Milverton, a Labour peer and former Colonial Governor, today dramatically resigned from the Labour Party because of the Government's decision to nationalise the British steel industry.

He announced his resignation in the House of Lords when the Bill to nationalise the industry was being considered.

Lord Milverton said that he was born free and had spent the bulk of his life in teaching what freedom means "to somewhat reluctant pupils in backward countries."

"I am very loath at my time of life to reverse this process and to endeavour to sell the advantages of slavery to a people who were once free. Perhaps it is because my own experience in administration had shown me how unscrupulous bureaucracy can strangle enterprise that I feel some doubt about the wisdom of the Government's policy."

Lord Milverton is 64. Before being created a Baron in 1947, he was Sir Arthur Frederick Richards. He held various district posts in the Federated Malay States from 1910 to 1920. Later he held appointments as governor of North Borneo, Gambia, Fiji, Jamaica, and Nigeria.

He retired from the Colonial Service at the end of 1947 and

Secret Plan To End Farm Strike

Rome, June 23.—A secret plan to end Italy's five-week-old farm strike was drawn up by Italian Parliamentary leaders today.

The news of the plan came after the negotiations to end the strike had broken down today for the third time since the 1,500,000 agricultural workers stopped work on May 18.

The Presidents of both Houses of Parliament discussed the plan with union leaders and the Minister of Labour, Signor Amintore Fanfani. They also tried to get the farmers to change their attitude on Parliament's mediation.

The farmers' organisation had refused this earlier, declaring that it could not accept intervention on a matter of such importance to all farmers.

The women's strike continued in most major sea ports today, with no signs of a settlement. Foreign shipping was not affected, but the Italian liner Saturnia remained tied up in Genoa. Many passengers for the United States began leaving by air today.—Reuter.

Filipinos' Lost Status

Judge's Ruling

Honolulu, June 23.—A United States District Judge, Mr. J. Frank McLaughlin, has ruled that resident Filipinos lost their status as American nationals and became aliens when the Philippines attained full independence on July 4, 1946.

The ruling was made late yesterday in ruling on the demand of Arcadio Cabebe that the court order the US State Department to issue him a passport to work on Guam.

Cabebe, who said he would appeal, had lived in Hawaii since 1930. He argued that his change in status from a national to an alien by reason of the Philippines' independence act was a violation of his rights.

The court said: "This contention is based more on emotion and sympathy than law. In point of law, as a result of what has happened, the plaintiff no longer qualifies as a national."—Associated Press.

Band Leader On Nylon Charge

Southampton, June 23.—The leader of the liner Queen Elizabeth's cabin and tourist class orchestra, Mr. John Currie, was today fined £100 for being concerned in a fraudulent attempt to evade customs duty on 100 pairs of nylon stockings.

The nylon was found in his wardrobe under piles of clothing, the prosecution alleged. Mr. Currie said that he had been asked to look after the stockings by another ship's musician until the vessel sailed again. He had no intention of landing the stockings.



Homely incident on the Buckingham Palace balcony as the King and Princess Elizabeth came back from Horse Guards after the Colour Trooping pageant: the Duchess of Gloucester brings out a hairbrush for her younger son Prince Richard. Also in the picture: the Queen, Princess Marie Louise, the Duke of Kent, Queen Mary and the Duchess of Kent.—London Express Service.

Crossman's Criticism Of Congress

"Producing Slump By Every Action"

London, June 23.—Mr. Richard Crossman, leader of the "Keep Left" group in the Labour Party, called the United States Congress an "insanely fair" in the House of Commons tonight.

"The Americans were, he said, 'producing the very thing they are most alarmed about by every action they are taking—a slump.'"

He was rebuked by Mr. Douglas Jay, the Economic Secretary to the Treasury, who said Mr. Crossman's remarks were not the views of the British Government.

Earlier, Mr. Crossman had asserted that the present crisis in Britain's gold reserve was due to the Americans ceasing to buy Malayan rubber, tin and cocoa.

He was criticising a Conservative proposal, made during a discussion of the Finance Bill, to reduce direct taxation.

"The crisis, which is approaching, is the tornado of the American slump spreading to Europe. It has nothing to do with taxation in this country," he said.

"If we get a slump now, it will be because the mentality of this proposal is the mentality of the Congress in America, which creates a slump by its refusal to prime the pump and learn from Keynes (the late Lord Keynes, a leading British economist).—Reuter.

Princess Not To Visit US

Ogdensburg, (New York), June 23.—Princess Margaret has thanked Ogdensburg's Chamber of Commerce for an invitation to visit the city, but has said that she is not planning to visit America at present.

Mr. R. J. McDonald, Chamber of Commerce President, said that a cable received from Lady Delia Peel, lady-in-waiting, conveyed Princess Margaret's thanks, but added that it would be "quite impossible" for her to visit the United States.

A group of British girls living in Columbus, Georgia, also invited Princess Margaret to visit their town.

A Buckingham Palace spokesman said that the Princess had received the invitation but added, "except for press reports, we know nothing of a projected visit to the United States."—Associated Press.

Church Council's Apathy Toward "Marxist Menace"

DEAN'S WARNING

London, June 23.—The Dean of Chichester, the Very Reverend A. S. Duncan-Jones, said at the Church of England Assembly here today that there existed in the British Council of Churches "certain tendencies and trends of thought" which had the effect of obscuring "the growing menace of Marxism" to the Christian religion.

The Dean, who had raised the question of the persecution of Christians, particularly in Europe, said: "When Hitler attempted to bring the whole of the Church in Germany under the control of the Reich-Bishop, did we not call it a persecution, and rightly so?"

"Hitler wanted the Church to be in subjection. Stalin also wanted the Church in subjection in all the countries he controls. What is more serious is the complete neglect, the dereliction, imprisonment and murders of priests and ministers in the Baltic States, Poland and Yugoslavia, which have been going on for years," the Dean said.

"Cardinal Mindszenty was tortured—he was tortured obviously. The people are watching with anxiety what is going to happen to Cardinal Beran in Prague," he added.

The Archbishop of Canterbury Dr. Geoffrey Fisher, said that he had never found any kind of tendency towards Communism in the Council and nothing but the deepest sympathy for the Christians in Eastern Europe.—Reuter.

Paoshan Recaptured

Yunnan (Burma-Chinese Frontier), June 23.—Chinese Nationalists have recaptured Paoshan, about 45 miles from the Burma Road frontier post, according to the Yunnan Provincial authorities.

Six thousand Nationalist troops stormed the walled town, killing 800 Army and police multineers and capturing 400, the Nationalists claimed.

Paoshan was lost to the Nationalists on April 12, the Yunnan authorities revealed, when almost the entire garrison of the town, consisting of elements of the 20th Division and the Yunnan-Burma highway police, revolted against the Government.

The recapture of the town was delayed by the fact that the multineers blew up all bridges along the Burma Road, including two large suspension bridges. A few multineers who escaped from Paoshan fled towards Lungling, 20 miles down the Burma Road, towards the frontier, but were "liquidated" by a local chieftain's force, the Yunnan authorities said.—Reuter.

Royal Couple Visit Sark

Sark, (Channel Islands), June 23.—Princess Elizabeth and the Duke of Edinburgh, continuing their tour of Britain's oldest overseas possessions, the Channel Islands, landed today on Sark, where no motor-cars have ever been allowed.

They made the two-mile journey from the coast to the interior in an open carriage drawn by white horses.

The driver of the Royal carriage was old Charlie Puerres, farmer and noted character on the island. "By the carriage walked a special constable and a little distance away, and her special constable rang the bell of the island's only church.—Reuter.

Insurance Company's Report

The annual report of the Directors of China Underwriters, Ltd., which has been circulated to shareholders, states that certain figures are still estimated, because of the loss of records during the war.

Previous estimates have proved adequate and, in the case of Life Claims, a further sum of \$25,000 has been released from the amount held in reserve for unexpected claims.

A transfer of \$100,000 has been made from Marine account to Profit and Loss, and from the latter a sum of \$250,000 has been carried to Life Account.

In the Life Account a major change has been made to conform to recent legislation in England, by increasing the Life Fund to cover the full amount of the actual liabilities under Life policies. To enable this to be done a new account appears in the Balance Sheet under the heading of "Re-establishment of Life Business Account," from which has been deducted the amount of the General Reserve Fund held on December 31, 1947.

Investment and Exchange Reserve stands at \$50,002 and it is proposed to carry forward the balance of Profit and Loss amounting to \$9,099.

Life Assurance applications received during the year amounted to \$14,020,205. Life Policies were issued for \$13,711,106 at Annual Premiums of \$714,663. Applications for \$752,523 were declined and the remainder were postponed or in the course of consideration at the end of the year. The Life Premium Income for the year, after deduction of reinsurance, amounted to \$1,308,711 and the Life Assurance Fund, increased as mentioned, stands at \$2,098,354.

Since the last meeting Mr. H. J. Armstrong rejoined the Board. In accordance with the Articles of Association, he retires, and, being eligible, offers himself for election.

In accordance with the Articles Mr. Li Tse Fong and Mr. I. W. Sheehan retire in relation from the Board, and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

Ship's Officers Charged

William Barrows, 57, captain of the S.S. Sin Soon Lee, and Roland Denton, 33, chief officer of the same ship, were charged with demanding money with menaces, before Mr. d'Almada at Central this morning.

Inspector Thomas prosecuted. Mr. P. G. Nigel appeared for defendants.

It was alleged that on May 25, on board the Sin Soon Lee defendants demanded \$2,000 Straits currency from Tsao Lien Chieh with menaces. Defendants were remanded for three days. Bail in the sum of \$2,000 each was granted.

Psychologist's Death

Johannesburg, June 23.—Doctor Wulf Sachs, Russian-born South African authority on psycho-analysis, died here today at the age of 50, just as he was about to complete his life-long work on "Psychology of Suffering."

Sachs, a pupil and friend of the late Sigmund Freud, had only one more chapter to complete.

Born in Russia of Jewish parents, Sachs received degrees from the Pavlovneurological Institute in Leningrad and from Universities in Germany, Britain, and South Africa.—United Press.

Junk Collision

Early this morning, soon after leaving Macao on the way to Hongkong, the motor launch Shantung III and Wing Tak Lee came into collision.

The stern of the Shantung III was extensively damaged, but she was able to reach Hongkong. Wing Tak Lee, which also reached Hongkong this morning, was undamaged.

Laurel Tipped As Next PI. President

New York, June 23.—News-week magazine said today that the chances now seemed fair that the next Philippine President would be Dr. Jose P. Laurel, Nacionalista candidate, and president of the puppet Philippines republic under the Japanese.

The magazine said: "The ruling Liberal Party is split between President Quirino and Senator Aveledo. Just before Quirino was nominated by one Liberal wing a week ago, a last-minute effort was made to get him and Aveledo to step down in favour of the United Nations delegate, Carlos Romulo, as a compromise candidate."

There is still a chance of later withdrawal in favour of Romulo, but it is faint. Quirino incidentally is planning to come to the United States soon in the hope of bolstering his strength in the electoral campaign by getting more United States financial aid for the Philippines.—United Press.

Reds' Appeals Dismissed

London, June 23.—Nine young men, who were each sentenced to six weeks' imprisonment after being found guilty of the railway robbery outside the United States Embassy here on May 1, heard their appeals dismissed by the London Sessions Appeals Committee today.

Pamphlets issued by the Young Communist League were being handed out and posters displayed protesting against "British blood being used to fight American wars," the prosecutor told the Appeals Committee.

He said that there might have been an "ugly scene" as a large crowd gathered around the railway robbery outside the United States Embassy here on May 1, heard their appeals dismissed by the London Sessions Appeals Committee today.

The defending counsel said the men wished to make a political protest and asked the committee to say that their method was an "error of judgment." The men had been in the service and had excellent characters.—Reuter.

BRITISH ENVOY FOR SHAI

Shanghai, June 24.—The British Ambassador in Nanking, Sir Ralph Stevenson, accompanied by Lady Stevenson, will pay a short visit to Shanghai next week, it was reported in British official circles today.

They will leave Nanking on Sunday evening, arriving here on Monday morning. It will be Sir Ralph's first trip to Shanghai since he took up his post in Nanking.

Shanghai was occupied. Sir Ralph will return to Nanking after a brief stay here, it was said.—Reuter.

QUEEN'S ALHAMBRA
AIR-CONDITIONED
SHOWING TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

RED SKELTON-BRIAN DONLEVY
A SOUTHERN YANKEE
ARLENE DAHL
"MAD MEN'S MIRTH OF A NATION!"
"HIT TO FOLLOW 'That Mad Mr. Jones'"

ORIENTAL
AIR-CONDITIONED
Take Any Eastern Tram Car or Happy Valley Bus
SHOWING TO-DAY: 2.30-5.20-7.30 & 9.30 P.M.
THE SEASON'S BEST TECHNICOLOR COMEDY-MUSICAL PRODUCED IN A LAVISH SCALE!

LUXURY LINER
George BRENT Jane POWELL Lauritz MELCHIOR
Frances GIFFORD Marina KOSHEZKIN Xavier Cugat and his orchestra

THE MOST UP-TO-DATE THEATRE ON THE MAINLAND

LIBERTY 10 MINS. FROM THE TAUMATA FERRY

4 SHOWS TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.
NEW THRILL IN THE ENTERTAINMENT SKY

WARRIOR BROS. PRESENT
FIGHTER SQUADRON
The Flying Film of the Air Force
EDMOND O'BRIEN • ROBERT STACK • JOHN RODNEY • RAUL WALSH

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW **Cathay** At 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

A Laughin', Riotin' Round-Up of Song and Spectacle!
DENNIS MORGAN • JACK CARSON in
"TWO TEXAS KNIGHTS"
Colour by Technicolor and 7 Beauties

OPENS ON SUNDAY.—Another U.S.S.R. Super Production!
"THE STORY ABOUT A REAL MAN"

Kailan Coal For H.K.

San Francisco, June 23.—According to Peiping Radio tonight the Communist Government in North China has allowed the Sino-British Kailan Mines to export 300,000 tons of coal to Hongkong over a six-month period.

The coal will be subjected to an export tax of five percent. of the sale price, the Radio said.

It also reported that much Kailan coal has been shipped to Shanghai in return for flour and mine-prop.

Meanwhile, a two-day industrial conference in Shanghai has resulted in the formulation of a three-month plan for the coal industry. The plan calls for the Nationalist Government to supply the coal industry with the necessary funds and to provide the industry with the necessary technical assistance.

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SIDE GLANCES By Galbraith



"I know just how you feel, Mrs. Fillmore—my mother is still keeping my curls in a cigar box!"

WIMBLEDON TOURNEY

BOB FALKENBURG TAKEN TO FIVE SETS

British Pair Comes Near To Upsetting Moran & Todd

Wimbledon, London, June 23.—All eight seeded players reached the last 16 in the Men's Singles today, the fourth day of play in the Wimbledon championships, although Robert Falkenburg, the holder, and Jaroslav Drobny, seeded No. 6, were taken to five sets before winning.

The New Zealand cricketers were present as guests of the Committee and on the Centre Court saw the first match between John Bromwich, of Australia, and Eustace Fannin, of South Africa.

The lanky Falkenburg beat Josef Asboth, the Hungarian champion, who reached the semi-finals at Wimbledon last year, by 6-4, 7-5, 2-6, 0-6, 6-4 after a grueling encounter of nearly two hours.

The left-handed Czech, Drobny, beat Budge Patty (USA), who reached the last eight last year, by 6-4, 6-8, 7-9, 6-0, 6-2. Drobny thus avenged his defeat by Patty in the 1947 Championships when the American beat him in a five-set match in the quarter-finals.

Asboth all but dethroned the champion and received a really tremendous ovation as he left the court. When the crowd heard the holder was being taken to the fifth set, thousands made a dive for Court No. 1, where the match was being played.

After Asboth had led in the third set the American let go, as he did in the fourth, conserving his energies for the fifth.

The Hungarian won the first game on service, but the American led 4-1, 4-2 and 5-3 before running out the winner.

The Drobny-Patty match was a cut and thrust duel, a quarter hour of play, the "giant-killer" of previous championships, started in nonchalant fashion to lose the first set, but he gradually warmed up to his task, excelling in lovely passing shots just wide of the big Czech.

With Patty leading by two sets to one, the crowd had visions of a repetition of the battle of two years previously, but the American let the fourth set go and Drobny won it in a matter of minutes.

Everyone was looking to a great battle for the last set, but Patty could not get going again and the Czech gained a sweet, and finally easy, revenge.

The other seeded players in the Men's Singles reached the fourth-round—the round of the last 16—without dropping a set today. Ted Schroeder easily eliminated R. Buser (Switzerland), 6-3, 6-2, 7-5.

England's last surviving player, Charles Lister, got only four games off the Belgian, P. Washer. Doubles occupied the rest of the day and there was a near sensation when Mrs. Dawson-Scott and Miss E. Wilford (Britain) were within two points of tumbling the seeded American pair, Gussie Moran and Patricia Todd in the tenth game of the deciding set. The Americans, however, fought back and out-played their rivals.

THE RESULTS

Among the results of today's games were:

MEN'S SINGLES

(FOURTH ROUND)
Ted Schroeder (USA) beat R. Buser (Switzerland) 6-3, 6-2, 7-5.
Philippe Washer (Belgium) beat C. Lister (Britain) 6-1, 6-1, 6-2.
John Bromwich (Australia) beat Eustace Fannin (SA) 6-1, 6-4, 6-1.
Frank Parker (USA) beat R. Hanna (USA) 6-2, 6-1, 6-4.
Geoff Brown (Australia) beat Felicissimo Ampon (Philippines) 6-4, 6-2, 7-5.
Ricardo Gonzalez (USA) beat Marcel Coen (Egypt) 6-1, 6-2, 6-4.
Nigel Cockburn (SA) beat Mario Del Bello (Italy) 6-0, 6-2, 6-3.
Frank Sedgman (Australia) beat V. Conzele (Italy) 6-2, 6-4, 6-2.

\$24 Million In Totalisator Turnover

London, June 23.—The totalisator turnover in Britain in 1948 was £24,252,014, according to the annual report of the Race Course Betting Control Board, issued today.
Racecourse subscribers £13,511,340 in cash. £3,610,427 was received through the racecourse credit service provided by Tote Investors, Limited, and £2,924,541 was transmitted from off the course.
The balance available for statutory grants and charitable donations amounts to £490,000.—Reuter.

A. Van Swol (The Netherlands) beat R. Balbiers (Chile) 6-3, 6-0, 7-5, 6-4.

Gianfranco Cuculli (Italy) beat J. Peter (Belgium) 6-3, 6-0, 6-3.

Eric Sturgess (SA) beat Josip Pallada (Yugoslavia) 6-2, 6-2, 6-4.

Jaroslav Drobny (Czechoslovakia) beat Budge Patty (USA) 6-4, 6-8, 7-9, 6-0, 6-2.

G. Worthington (Australia) beat J. Harper (Australia) 6-2, 6-7, 2-6, 6-0, 6-2.

Bob Falkenburg (USA) beat Josef Asboth (Hungary) 6-4, 7-5, 2-6, 0-6, 6-4.

A. Del Bello (Italy) beat Nareesh Kumar (India) 6-4, 6-4, 6-0.

Mrs. E. Watermeyer (SA) beat Mrs. H. Phillips (Britain) 6-1, 6-2.

Mrs. Helen Rihbany (USA) beat Miss K. Tuckey (Britain) 6-3, 3-0, 6-6.

Mrs. Thekla Long (Australia) beat Miss M. de Borman (Belgium) 6-0, 6-2.

Mrs. Margaret DuPont (USA) beat Mrs. W. Halford and Mrs. M. Menzies (Britain) 6-3, 6-0.

Miss Gussie Moran and Mrs. Pat Todd (USA) beat Mrs. Dawson-Scott and Miss Wilford (Britain) 6-1, 2-6, 7-5.

Mrs. Blair and Miss Jean Quetier (Britain) beat Miss Schou-Nilsen (Norway) and Mrs. W. Simmers (Britain) 6-3, 6-3.

Mrs. Sheila Summers and Mrs. Watermeyer (USA) beat Miss Coe (Holland) and Miss M. Parker (Britain) 6-4, 6-1.

David D. Coult (USA) beat Mrs. J. Boyer (USA) and Mrs. Chandler (Britain) 6-2, 6-4.

Miss M. Brennan (Ireland) and Miss P. Hermelin (Netherlands) beat Mrs. J. Bouthin and Mrs. A. Seghers (France) 6-3, 6-3.

Mrs. P. Glover and Mrs. J. Gordon (Britain) beat Miss Gloria Butler and Miss A. Maquire (USA) 6-2, 6-1.

Sutton (Britain) beat Miss V. Rigollet and Miss Sutz (Switzerland) 6-0, 6-3.

Mixed Doubles (SECOND ROUND)
D. Butler and Miss J. Hilton (Britain) beat F. Puncce and Mrs. M. Isard 6-3, 6-7, 6-1.

Torsten Johansson and Miss B. Brandson (Sweden) beat P. Geelmand and Mrs. Hilbert 6-0, 6-6.

Goffrey Palsch and Miss Jean Quetier (Britain) beat S. Nima and Mrs. Hammersey 6-0, 6-2.

J. Borotra and Mrs. C. Soegnen (France) beat N. Lewis and Miss Woodgate 6-4, 12-10.—Reuter.

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FOR YOUR SPARE MOMENTS

LESSON HAND

McKENNEY ON BRIDGE
Passing Opening Bid
Shows Weak Hand

♠ 10 7 2	♥ 10 5 2	♦ 10 8 5	♣ 10 8 5
♠ 10 7 2	♥ 10 5 2	♦ 10 8 5	♣ 10 8 5
♠ 10 7 2	♥ 10 5 2	♦ 10 8 5	♣ 10 8 5
♠ 10 7 2	♥ 10 5 2	♦ 10 8 5	♣ 10 8 5
♠ 10 7 2	♥ 10 5 2	♦ 10 8 5	♣ 10 8 5
♠ 10 7 2	♥ 10 5 2	♦ 10 8 5	♣ 10 8 5
♠ 10 7 2	♥ 10 5 2	♦ 10 8 5	♣ 10 8 5
♠ 10 7 2	♥ 10 5 2	♦ 10 8 5	♣ 10 8 5
♠ 10 7 2	♥ 10 5 2	♦ 10 8 5	♣ 10 8 5
♠ 10 7 2	♥ 10 5 2	♦ 10 8 5	♣ 10 8 5

BY WILLIAM E. McKENNEY
You cannot bid every hand in contract bridge according to the book. There are times when you must rely on your own judgment.

In today's hand, for example, South has the qualifications for an opening bid. Under the point count system he has only eleven points. If you average the hand out, South is a ten-spot less than average. If you use the quick trick count, he has only two quick tricks. Nevertheless, this is considered a declarer type hand and some players will open it due to the fact that they have both majors.

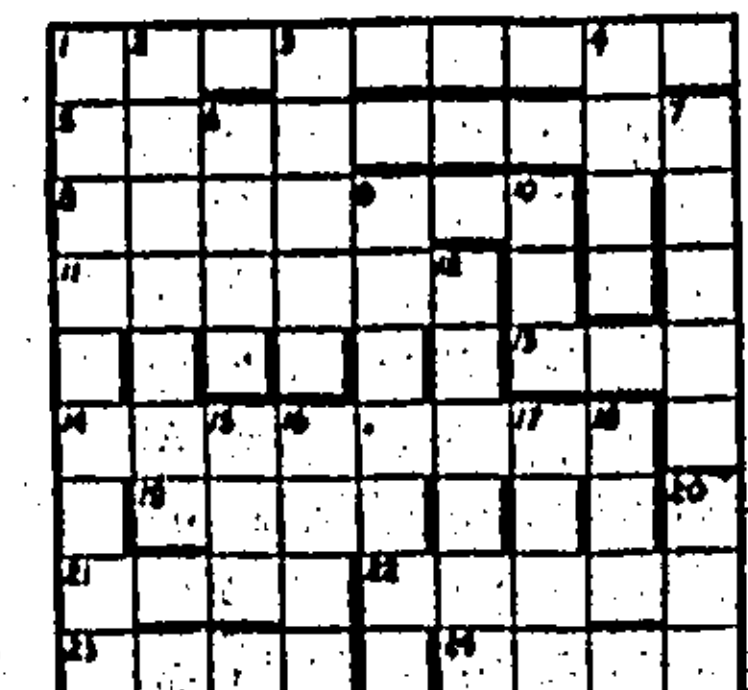
Let us assume, however, that although this is a declarer type of hand, and you have two biddable majors, you feel that you want to pass it. The next hand passes and your partner opens the bidding with one club. The next hand bids a diamond. Now what should you bid?

You certainly should not bid one heart, as South did in today's hand. East has made a vulnerable overall. If you bid one heart, your partner, who has a minimum opening bid, cannot try for a game. He has to be satisfied to buy the contract.

When East bids a diamond, you should tell your partner that you have everything but an opening bid. Therefore, your correct bid is two hearts. Now North has a much better picture of the whole hand. He knows you are not afraid of the diamond bid. You have encouraged him to go to game if he has a good sound bid, so you must have either a control in diamonds or a singleton. He can feel sure that the ace of spades has a fit in the South hand. The king of clubs could be wrong, but North is perfectly justified in taking the contract to four hearts.

In the play of the hand, declarer trumps the second diamond, goes over to dummy's ace of spades, leads a heart, and when the king goes up, South wins with the ace. The king of spades is cashed and a spade ruffed in dummy. Then declarer can ruff a diamond, ruff out his last spade, lead a trump back to his hand and take the club finesse. When the queen of the clubs holds, he cashes the ace of clubs, and gives up a club trick, making five-odd.

CROSSWORD



Across
1. Rough to provide any extra (9)
2. Loyalty of a unit to the whole team work if you prefer (10)
3. A long way (10)
4. Put a hammer round this German coin (10)
5. Bird game (10)
6. The Australian evergreen gum-tree (10)
7. Sounds secure enough (4)
8. Suburban view that says thanks to the artist (10)
9. Down
10. Difficult attire (10)
11. The change to a narrow track (10)
12. Move circularly (10)
13. The long form (10)
14. Dead (10)
15. Dumb by carelessness (10)
16. See 10 Across
17. 24. Colour of your label (10)
18. Mechanical train (10)
19. It's a long way (10)
20. A mere collection of water (10)
21. Insect (10)
22. See 10 Across
23. See 10 Across
24. See 10 Across

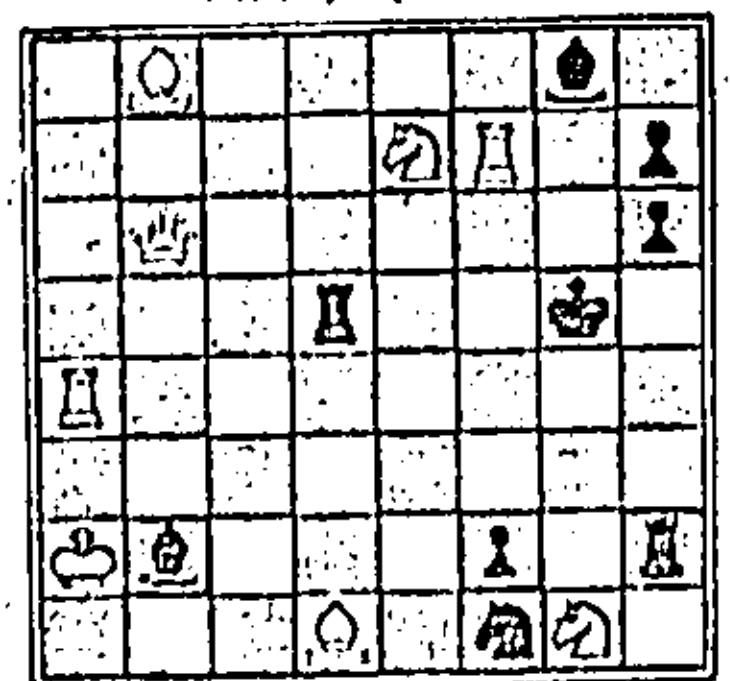
DUMB BELLS

WHERE ARE YOU GOING WITH THAT BUCKET OF MOTH-BALLS?
I'M GOING TO FEED THEM TO THE ELEPHANT TO KEEP THE MOHS OUT OF HIS TRUNK!



CHESS PROBLEM

By G. LATZEL
(BCF Tourney '57)
Black, 9 pieces.



White, 8 pieces.
White to play and mate in two.
Solution to yesterday's problem:
1. Q-B7; threat 2. Q-Q7 (ch); 2. R-Q3; 3. R-Q4 (ch); 4. Q-Q7; 5. Q-Q8; 6. Q-Q9; 7. Q-Q10; 8. Q-Q11; 9. Q-Q12; 10. Q-Q13; 11. Q-Q14; 12. Q-Q15; 13. Q-Q16; 14. Q-Q17; 15. Q-Q18; 16. Q-Q19; 17. Q-Q20; 18. Q-Q21; 19. Q-Q22; 20. Q-Q23; 21. Q-Q24; 22. Q-Q25; 23. Q-Q26; 24. Q-Q27; 25. Q-Q28; 26. Q-Q29; 27. Q-Q30; 28. Q-Q31; 29. Q-Q32; 30. Q-Q33; 31. Q-Q34; 32. Q-Q35; 33. Q-Q36; 34. Q-Q37; 35. Q-Q38; 36. Q-Q39; 37. Q-Q40; 38. Q-Q41; 39. Q-Q42; 40. Q-Q43; 41. Q-Q44; 42. Q-Q45; 43. Q-Q46; 44. Q-Q47; 45. Q-Q48; 46. Q-Q49; 47. Q-Q50; 48. Q-Q51; 49. Q-Q52; 50. Q-Q53; 51. Q-Q54; 52. Q-Q55; 53. Q-Q56; 54. Q-Q57; 55. Q-Q58; 56. Q-Q59; 57. Q-Q60; 58. Q-Q61; 59. Q-Q62; 60. Q-Q63; 61. Q-Q64; 62. Q-Q65; 63. Q-Q66; 64. Q-Q67; 65. Q-Q68; 66. Q-Q69; 67. Q-Q70; 68. Q-Q71; 69. Q-Q72; 70. Q-Q73; 71. Q-Q74; 72. Q-Q75; 73. Q-Q76; 74. Q-Q77; 75. Q-Q78; 76. Q-Q79; 77. Q-Q80; 78. Q-Q81; 79. Q-Q82; 80. Q-Q83; 81. Q-Q84; 82. Q-Q85; 83. Q-Q86; 84. Q-Q87; 85. Q-Q88; 86. Q-Q89; 87. Q-Q90; 88. Q-Q91; 89. Q-Q92; 90. Q-Q93; 91. Q-Q94; 92. Q-Q95; 93. Q-Q96; 94. Q-Q97; 95. Q-Q98; 96. Q-Q99; 97. Q-Q100; 98. Q-Q101; 99. Q-Q102; 100. Q-Q103; 101. Q-Q104; 102. Q-Q105; 103. Q-Q106; 104. Q-Q107; 105. Q-Q108; 106. Q-Q109; 107. Q-Q110; 108. Q-Q111; 109. Q-Q112; 110. Q-Q113; 111. Q-Q114; 112. Q-Q115; 113. Q-Q116; 114. Q-Q117; 115. Q-Q118; 116. Q-Q119; 117. Q-Q120; 118. Q-Q121; 119. Q-Q122; 120. Q-Q123; 121. Q-Q124; 122. Q-Q125; 123. Q-Q126; 124. Q-Q127; 125. Q-Q128; 126. Q-Q129; 127. Q-Q130; 128. Q-Q131; 129. Q-Q132; 130. Q-Q133; 131. Q-Q134; 132. Q-Q135; 133. Q-Q136; 134. Q-Q137; 135. Q-Q138; 136. Q-Q139; 137. Q-Q140; 138. Q-Q141; 139. Q-Q142; 140. Q-Q143; 141. Q-Q144; 142. Q-Q145; 143. Q-Q146; 144. Q-Q147; 145. Q-Q148; 146. Q-Q149; 147. Q-Q150; 148. Q-Q151; 149. Q-Q152; 150. Q-Q153; 151. Q-Q154; 152. Q-Q155; 153. Q-Q156; 154. Q-Q157; 155. Q-Q158; 156. Q-Q159; 157. Q-Q160; 158. Q-Q161; 159. Q-Q162; 160. Q-Q163; 161. Q-Q164; 162. Q-Q165; 163. Q-Q166; 164. Q-Q167; 165. Q-Q168; 166. Q-Q169; 167. Q-Q170; 168. Q-Q171; 169. Q-Q172; 170. Q-Q173; 171. Q-Q174; 172. Q-Q175; 173. Q-Q176; 174. Q-Q177; 175. Q-Q178; 176. Q-Q179; 177. Q-Q180; 178. Q-Q181; 179. Q-Q182; 180. Q-Q183; 181. Q-Q184; 182. Q-Q185; 183. Q-Q186; 184. Q-Q187; 185. Q-Q188; 186. Q-Q189; 187. Q-Q190; 188. Q-Q191; 189. Q-Q192; 190. Q-Q193; 191. Q-Q194; 192. Q-Q195; 193. Q-Q196; 194. Q-Q197; 195. Q-Q198; 196. Q-Q199; 197. Q-Q200; 198. Q-Q201; 199. Q-Q202; 200. Q-Q203; 201. Q-Q204; 202. Q-Q205; 203. Q-Q206; 204. Q-Q207; 205. Q-Q208; 206. Q-Q209; 207. Q-Q210; 208. Q-Q211; 209. Q-Q212; 210. Q-Q213; 211. Q-Q214; 212. Q-Q215; 213. Q-Q216; 214. Q-Q217; 215. Q-Q218; 216. Q-Q219; 217. Q-Q220; 218. Q-Q221; 219. Q-Q222; 220. Q-Q223; 221. Q-Q224; 222. Q-Q225; 223. Q-Q226; 224. Q-Q227; 225. Q-Q228; 226. Q-Q229; 227. Q-Q230; 228. Q-Q231; 229. Q-Q232; 230. Q-Q233; 231. Q-Q234; 232. Q-Q235; 233. Q-Q236; 234. Q-Q237; 235. Q-Q238; 236. Q-Q239; 237. Q-Q240; 238. Q-Q241; 239. Q-Q242; 240. Q-Q243; 241. Q-Q244; 242. Q-Q245; 243. Q-Q246; 244. 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Israeli Delegation Pleased

Hopes For A Final Peace Settlement

Lausanne, June 23.—The Israeli delegation at the United Nations Conciliation Commission talks here is "very pleased indeed" that the Commission is seeking a final peace settlement in Palestine, a spokesman declared today.

He was commenting on the Commission's third progress report published here yesterday, emphasizing its efforts to reconcile the Jews and Arabs "on all questions outstanding between them," besides solving the specific problems of refugees and Jerusalem.

The spokesman added that the Israeli delegation had full powers to negotiate a final settlement whilst the Arab delegations had only "limited powers to talk about refugees and Jerusalem."

BALANCED AND FAIR

The spokesman said that the report was so meticulously balanced and fair that it was misleading on some major issues. One issue, he said, was the difficulty caused by the Arabs' refusal to negotiate directly with the Israelis.

"The Israeli delegation continually urges the Commission to induce the Arabs to negotiate directly with it," the spokesman declared.

The return of Arab refugees to their homes "at the earliest practicable moment," called for by the United Nations General Assembly last December, meant for Israel the moment when a general peace settlement was reached and Israel's security assured, the spokesman said.

"This is the only way to ensure that the returning Arabs are coming to live in peace," he added.

The Israeli delegation had entered a written reservation when signing the May 12 protocol, to which the United Nations partition plan was annexed, to the effect that the protocol did not bind either side to the plan, the spokesman said.

An Arab spokesman on the other hand, said: "Neither we nor the Commission can pay any attention to the Israeli reservation, which in no way limits their engagement under the May 12 protocol."

FIRM LINE NEEDED

The Arab spokesman, also paying tribute to the objectivity of the Commission's report, said the only major criticism of it was that it "did not take any initiative in any direction."

"After two months of conversations, the Commission should adopt a firm line," he added.

The Commission might well decide on the emergency measures needed to protect the assets in Israel of the Arab refugees, the spokesman said.

"The Commission itself recognizes that these measures are urgently needed. It should, therefore, summon the Jews to put them into effect," he continued.

It is understood that Mr. Caght Yaltchin, the Turkish member of the Conciliation Commission, and Mr. Raymond Hare, the United States member, have discussed with the heads of the four Arab delegations a new approach to the Lausanne talks.

The Arab spokesman said: "We have good hopes of reaching a little patience, this new approach may give results."

OFFENSIVE BY BURMESE ARMY

Rangoon, June 23.—Government troops had occupied four Karen strong-points along the Mawlaikya-Thabon road in Southern Burma, tonight's Army communiqué said. The communiqué said that heavy fighting continued in the area where the Army had launched an offensive to recapture Thabon, the Karen stronghold on the Rangoon-Moulmein railway.

The communiqué added that Government troops were near the Pakeketa headquarters in North-West Burma of the White Band People's Volunteer Organisation.—Reuter.

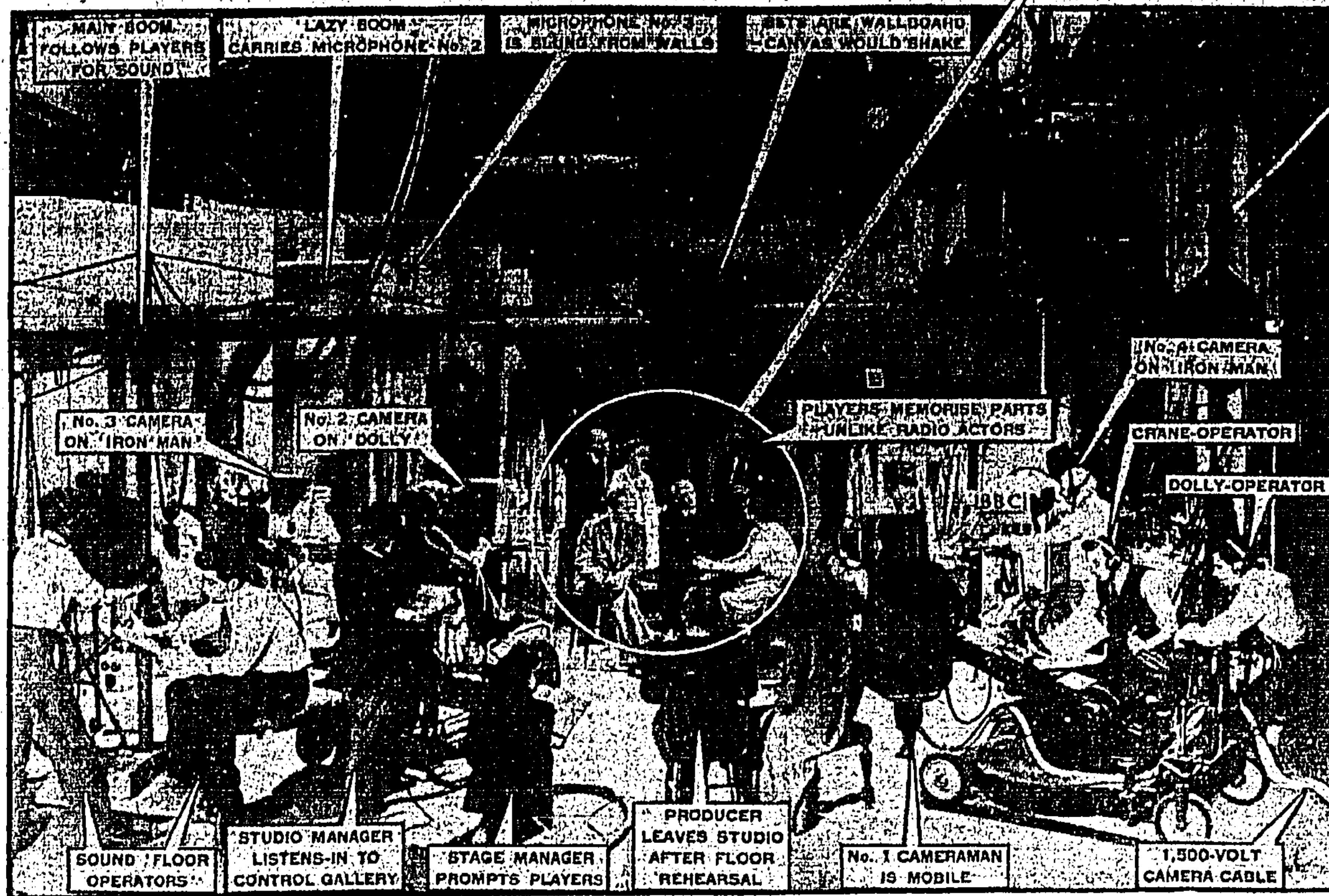


"We didn't advertise it as a good picture. We just said, 'Don't miss it!'"

Television Doesn't Permit A Mistake

Television is ruthless. It does not hide the sort of mistake the film studio men can make. If something had gone wrong on the night of this J. B. Priestley play, 250,000 viewers would have seen it. Yet from this seeming chaos—with cameramen, "dolly" four-wheeled trolleys, sound operators, electricians, artists and engineers within a hand touch of the players—emerged an uninterrupted evening's entertainment.

Up above in the control gallery the producer watched the show going out on two screens—one marked "Transmission" the other "Preview." The picture on the preview screen showed him how the waiting camera was trained on the next shot. Above the scene in the picture are the lights, bank after bank of them. With all the action "in the wings" the corps of microphones picked up only the actors' voices. The rest was a miracle of silence in the cramped TV quarters at Alexandra Palace.—London Express Service.



Afghanistan Seeks Britain's Help In Pakistan Dispute

London, June 23.—Afghanistan is to ask Britain to help her in the dispute with Pakistan over the future of 7,000,000 Pathans across her borders in the North-West Frontier Province and the tribal area, the Afghan Ambassador to Britain, Sardar Faiz Mohammed Khan, told Reuter today.

He said that it was "a matter of life and death" to Afghanistan, adding, "We shall never allow millions of our flesh and blood to be absorbed into Pakistan."

The Ambassador, who has just returned from Kabul, said that he was seeking the aid of the Foreign Minister, Mr. Ernest Bevin, because it was Britain, the former occupying power, which had "given" the North-West Frontier Province to Pakistan though the territory had been Afghan from time immemorial.

WALL OF DEFENCE

"We hope that the whole question can be solved without any kind of war or bloodshed," said Sardar Faiz Mohammed Khan.

"To Afghanistan the Pathans of the North-West Frontier Province and the tribal area are a wall of defence against any enemies of Afghanistan coming from the south or the east," he continued.

"We fear war and a great destruction if the Pakistani Government tries to absorb the 7,000,000 Pathans, who are Afghan by race, into Pakistan. Unless Pakistan will see reason, there will be a revolt on the North-West Frontier. Indeed, our own people in Afghanistan will revolt also." Explaining Afghanistan's attitude to the tribal areas, he said, "we do not want to annex any of the territory between the Durand Line and the Indus. All we ask is that it should be free and ruled by the Afghan Government. There were Afghans there in the days of Alexander the Great."

FIGHTING IN INDO-CHINA

Paris, June 23.—Renewed fighting between French troops and Vietnamese (autonomy movement) guerrillas in the North-West Frontier Province was reported in a communiqué from the French Army headquarters in Saigon, quoted here today by Agence France Presse.

In the Haiphong area, the communiqué said, pro-French Vietnamese repelled a strongly armed Vietnamese group who attacked their outpost.

In Southern Vietnam, Franco-Vietnamese forces won three battles in the Duchon area and south of Mythe.—Reuter.

Dismantling Orders Refused

Dusseldorf, June 23.—The Works Council of the Haniel Steel Plant at Hattingen announced today that they could not "acquiesce" to the British Military Government's dismantling orders.

The order, made today, directed the dismantling of their rolling mills to be started on July 4 and the steel foundry and blast furnaces on July 15. Protesting further, anti-dismantling demonstration, the Works Council complained that the Military Government's order was so extensive that it was equivalent to throwing 1,200 men out of jobs.—Reuter.

POCKET CARTOON



General Festing On Leave

London, June 23.—Lieut. General F. W. Festing, the newly-chosen Hongkong C-in-C, is now on leave and is spending it buried in the country at his remote house in Northumberland.

With him are his tall, good-looking wife, Mary, and their youngest son, aged seven.

Two other sons, aged 9 and 10, are at a private school.

Says General Festing: "I'd like one to be a soldier and another a sailor."

When General Festing goes to Hongkong, his family will stay here. But he hopes they will join him later.

General Festing, who is aged 46 and is 6ft. 4ins. tall, likes fishing, hunting, shooting and working in the fields at his home. He did much ocean racing before the war and still belongs to leading yacht clubs.

He has a cutter and intends to resume racing this year.

General Festing collects Japanese Samurai sword blades, and at his home he has one of the largest collections in Europe. He hopes to add to it in Hongkong.—Our Own Correspondent.

S.A. CITIZENSHIP BILL PASSED

Capetown, June 23.—The South African Citizenship Bill, making five years' instead of two years' domicile necessary for Commonwealth citizens to acquire South African citizenship, was passed by the House of Assembly today by 70 votes to 63.

The bill, however, passed in the Senate.—Reuter.

Acheson Urges Congress To Approve Atlantic Pact

Washington, June 23.—The Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson, told the House Foreign Affairs Committee today that it is of "utmost importance" that Congress approve at this session not only the North Atlantic pact but the programme of arms aid to back it up.

Mr. Acheson said this conviction stemmed from developments at the Foreign Ministers conference in Paris from which he returned two days ago. His plea for action—already awarded a warm reception in the Senate—was largely a repetition of what he told the Senate Foreign Relations Committee on Wednesday. He also urged the House group to act promptly on President Truman's request for \$150,000,000 in aid to Southern Korea.

Mr. Acheson said the South Korean government "stands as a symbol of hope" to the Far Eastern peoples "who have fallen under the oppressive yoke of Communism." He said that without the proposed aid programme, the Korean people will have an "almost insuperable task in maintaining freedom and independence."

Senate leaders already had given qualified assurance of action on Mr. Acheson's plea for prompt action on the pact and its supplementary military aid programme.

Democratic floor leader, Scott Lucas and Senator Tom Connally, chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, expressed the hope that both measures could be passed through before adjournment.

Mr. Acheson, after testifying behind the closed doors of the House committee, issued a statement, "I have just met with the Foreign Affairs Committee to report to them on the meeting of the Council of Foreign Ministers. I expressed to them, as I did to the Senate Foreign Relations Committee yesterday, my conviction that developments at the conference re-emphasize the utmost importance of the ratification of the North Atlantic pact and passage of the military assistance programme at this session of the Congress."

AID FOR KOREA

"I also discussed with the committee a bill authorizing aid to the Government of the Republic of Korea which the Committee is now considering. I urged them to act promptly so that final action can be taken by June 30 when the present programme of aid to Korea will terminate. I stressed the fact that the government of the Republic of Korea 'which has been recognized as the only legal government in Korea' by the United Nations 'is a people in the surrounding area who have fallen under the oppressive yoke of Communism, and that without the proposed assistance the people and government in South Korea will have an almost insuperable task in maintaining freedom and independence.'"

Earlier today, Seresole's uncle, the Regent, Chief Tshokedi, told the party: "According to native law and custom, I will hand him the chiefs' staff and all his rights. But if he insists on bringing his white wife I will fight him to the end."

Tribal custom dictates that Seresole must have a year of tutelage and guidance before being fully installed. Seresole, who was studying law at Oxford University, was summoned home last October, shortly after his marriage. In January, his tribe offered him the choice of giving up his wife or his chieftainship.—Reuter.

Fears That Racial Disorders May Spread

London, June 23.—Professor N. G. Ranga, a member of the Indian Congress Working Committee, today expressed fears that the pattern of racial disorder recently seen in South Africa—with Indians ranged against Africans—might soon be repeated in West and East Africa.

Professor Ranga, now on his way home after attending the Agricultural Producers' conference in Canada, told the Press Trust of India that he had devoted his stay in London to urging British Labour Party leaders to champion the cause of the Colonial peoples in Asia, as the Congress Party of India was doing.

The growth and influence of Communism in Asia could only be arrested by encouraging the advance of true democratic principles, he declared.

APPEAL TO LEADERS

Professor Ranga disclosed that he had asked leaders of the British Labour Party and members of the Government, to use their influence with the Dutch and French Governments to put the Governments of Indonesia and Indo-China in the hands of stable nationalist forces.

He said, "Britain, too, should try to come to terms with the nationalist leaders of Malaya and steer clear of the Sultans. The nationalists should be installed in power with self-government. I have told members of the British Government that they should announce a definite period limit, of say 20 years, by which time they will grant self-government to the peoples of East and West Africa."

"The British Government talks of taking these Colonial peoples into 'increasing partnership' but that is not what is wanted. They have no right to independence, and they should be made fit to take over government themselves."

GREAT EMBARRASSMENT

Professor Ranga continued, "The Colonial month exhibition now being held in London is a great embarrassment to those democrats in the East who are friendly towards the Commonwealth. It shows that the British are still keen on cherishing their empire and want to popularise it among their people."

The Professor, who is a foundation member of the Congress of Peoples Against Imperialism, during his stay in London exchanged information with some of its delegates from the African colonies.

He believes that Uganda and Kenya are the next two places where racial disorders of the kind witnessed in South Africa will be experienced. Similar developments may be expected in the Gold Coast.

"White settlers in these Colonies are more imperialistic than their people at home. The Indian is a 'buffer' between the Europeans and the Africans. The Indian is usually a trader. The African intellectual, in search of business opportunities, realises that the only man he can compete with is the Indian," the Professor said.

DIVERT ATTENTION

"The imperialists take advantage of this situation and by trying to create a split between the Indian and African divert attention from the main issue of foreign rule."

"The Congress of Peoples Against Imperialism is a united front of Africans and Indians. Negro leaders agree with me that the Indian Government, or the Indian National Congress, should take the initiative in an attempt to bring about better relations in those colonies where Indians and Africans live together."

"We suggest that a non-political committee of African and Indian leaders should visit the colonies to devise ways and means of bettering conditions there."—Reuter.

Police Kill 15 Peasants

Jalpur, June 23.—Fifteen people were killed when the police opened fire on a crowd of peasants at Suwana, a village 150 miles from Jalpur, capital of the Rajasthani Union, yesterday.

The peasants, refusing to part with their grain, had attacked officials and police. It was stated, "The officials had visited the village to collect grain for the Government's food procurement drive."

The Acting Inspector General of Police, Mr. K. C. Mukerjee, was seriously injured during the clash.—Reuter.

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